CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2015 series

9706 ACCOUNTING

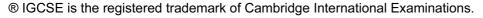
9706/11

Paper 1 (Multiple Choice – Core), maximum raw mark 30

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2015 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[®], Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.





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MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2015 series

9706 ACCOUNTING

9706/21 Paper 2 (Structured Questions – Core), maximum raw mark 90

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International AS/A Level – October/November 2015	9706	21

1 (a) The City Cricket Club Refreshments Trading Account for the year ended 30 September 2015

Sales of refreshments	\$	\$ 4430	
Less cost of sales Opening inventory Purchases (2697 + 840 (1) – 960 (1))	770 2577		
ruicilases (2097 + 040 (1) - 900 (1))	<u>2577</u> 3347		
Less closing inventory Gross profit	<u>590</u>	<u>2757</u> 1673 (1)OF	[3]

(b)

The City Cricket Club

Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 30 September 2015

Profit from sales of refreshments Subscriptions (670 (1) + 320 (1) + 6650 -240 (1) - 540 (1) - 400 (1) Life membership transfer Advertising revenue Donations	\$	\$ 1 673 6 460 320 (1) 2 600 770 11 823
Less expenses Groundsman's wages Travelling expenses Rent Depreciation (W1) Loss on disposal Interest on loan Bad debts Surplus for the year	3 500 942 4 500 2 000 250 (1) 250 (1) 50 (1)	11 492 331 (1)OF

[12]

OR

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(c)

Statement of Financial Position at 30 September 2015

Non-current assets	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	NBV
	\$	\$	\$
Equipment (W1)	9 300	3 550 (2)OF	5 750
Current assets			
Inventory	590		
Subscriptions in arrears	270 (1)		
Bank	6 315 (1)	7 175	
Current liabilities			
Subscriptions in advance	540		
Interest due	250 (1)	4.000	
Trade payable for refreshments	<u>840</u>	1 630	5 545
		_	11 295
A		0.004.(4)	
Accumulated fund (12 514 – 9430)		3 084 (1)	
Add surplus		331 (1) OF	
		3 415	
Life membership fund (W2)		2 880 (1)OF	
ziio iiioiiiboioiiip iaiia (112)		2 000 (1,01	
Non-current liabilities – 5% loan (2017)		5 000 (1)	
(,		11 295	
			[9]

WORKINGS

W1 Statement of financial position

Accumulated Depreciation

 $= 4800 - \text{sold } 3250 = 1550 \ (1) + 2000 \ (1) \text{OF} = 3550$

Non-current assets and Depreciation 10 700 – 5000 = 5700 + 3600

= 9300 non-current assets

Sale of equipment 5000 – 3500 (5000 × 20% × 3.25yrs)

= 1750 (Process 1500, Loss 250)

W2 Life membership 2800 + 400 = 3200 - trf 10% = 320 = 2880

(d) The fund contains large sums paid by members for a life subscription to the club (1). The full amount cannot be charged in one year to the Income and Expenditure account (1) as this will inflate the income (1) for that year and it cannot be compared satisfactorily to other year's (1) Accordance with the matching concept (1).

1 mark per point (Max 3)

[3]

(e) The cashbook does not include non-cash items e.g. depreciation (1) The bank also includes items which are not in the income and expenditure account such as the sale of assets increase the amount of cash there (1) The Income and expenditure deals only with the current year but the bank account includes cash brought forward from the previous period (1)

1 mark per point [3]

[Total: 30]

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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2 (a) Profit and loss appropriation account for the year ended 31 May 2015

Profit for the year	<u>\$</u>	\$ 90 000
Add interest on drawings Alex Barry	200 (1) 480 (1)	680
Less interest on capital Alex Barry	4 500 (1) <u>3 000</u> (1)	90 680 <u>7 500</u>
Less Salary Barry		83 180 6 000 (1) 77 180
Share of profit Alex Barry	57 885 (1)OF 19 295 (1)OF	<u>77 180</u> [7]

(b)

Current accounts

	Alex \$	Barry \$		Alex \$	Barry ¢
Balance b/d	Ψ	12 500	Balance b/d	14 000	Ψ (1)
Int on drawings	200	480 (1)	OF Int on loan	1 500	1 600 (1)
Drawings	5 000	12 000 (1)			
Balance c/d	72 685	4 915 (1)	OF Int on capital	4 500	3 000 (1)OF
			Salary		6 000 (1)
			Share profit	<u>57 885</u>	19 295 (1)OF
	<u>77 885</u>	<u>29 895</u>	•	77 885	29 895
			Balance b/d	72 685	4 915
					[8]

(c) Sharing losses.
Introduction of capital.
Bringing more expertise to the business.
Reducing the workload of the partners.
(1)

[Max. 2] [2]

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(d)

Capital accounts

	Alex \$	Barry \$	Cesar \$		Alex \$	Barry \$	Cesar \$
Goodwill	30 000	20 000	10 000 (3)	Balance	90 000	60 000	(1)
				Bank			100 000 (1)
Balance c/d	105 000	55 000	90 000 (1)O	F Goodwill	45 000	15 000 (2)	
	135 000	75 000	100 000		135 000	75 000	100 000
				Balance b/d	105 000	55 000	90 000
							[8]

(e)

Statement of corrected net profit

				\$
Or	iginal Net Profit	+	_	90 000
	·	\$	\$	
1	Sales day book	20 000	(1)	110 000
2	Inventory		2 000 (1)	108 000
3	Repairs		7 000 (1)	101 000
4	Purchase invoice		3 600 (1)	97 400 (1)OF

[5]

[Total: 30]

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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3 (a) Overhead Analysis Sheet

Overheads	Basis of	Machining	Assembling	Maintenance	Totals	
	Apportionment					
		\$	\$	\$	\$	
Rent	floor area	5 600	4 000	3 200	12 800	(1)
Machinery depreciation	value of machinery	5 200	4 800		10 000	(1)
Power	kilowatt hours	3 600	2 700	900	7 200	(1)
Supervision of employees	number of employees	2 560	1 920	1 920	6 400	(1)
Indirect materials	allocated	300	268	320	888	(1)
Indirect labour	allocated	2 720	1 480	860	5 060	(1)
		19 980	15 168	7 200	42 348	
re- apportionment of maintenance department overheads		3744 (1)	3456 (1)	(7 200) (1)		
		23 724	18 624	(1)OF	42 348	

[10]

(b) (i) Machining – Overhead absorption rate

$$\frac{\text{Machine dept overhead}}{\text{Machine hours}} = \frac{\$23724}{14000} = \$1.69 \text{ per machine hour}$$
(1)

(ii) Assembling - Overhead absorption rate

$$\frac{\text{Assembling dept overhead}}{\text{Direct labour hours}} = \frac{\$18 624}{6000} = \$3.10 \text{ per direct labour hour}$$
(1)

[6]

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(c) (i) Cost statement – Job 68

	\$
Direct materials	3 600
Direct labour	1 900
PRIME COST	5 500 (1)
Total overhead	*355 (4) (OF)
TOTAL COST	5 855

\$

Overhead calculation

Machining – 100 hours
$$\times$$
 \$1.69 = 169
Assembling – 60 hours \times \$3.10 = 186 \$355

*[Needs the correct hours for 1 mark and the absorption rate from part (b) for 1 mark] \times 2. [5]

(ii) (1) (OF) (1) (1) (OF) (1) SP = TOTAL COST
$$\times \frac{100}{80} = \$5855 \times \frac{100}{80} = (\$7318.75) = \$7319$$

[3]

(d) (i) Overhead over absorption

Machining department over absorbed. (1)

Over absorption of overheads means that the absorbed overheads were more than the actual overhead expenditure incurred. (1)

In the machining department indirect wages of \$2720 were absorbed into production. This was \$700 more than the actual overhead. Over-absorption of overhead occurred. (1)

A credit for \$700 should be made to the income statement. (1) (Max 3)

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(ii) Overhead under absorption

Assembling department under-absorbed. (1)

Under-absorption of overheads means that the amount of overheads absorbed into production was less than the amount of actual overheads incurred. (1)

In the assembly department the number of direct labour hours worked was less than estimated.

Absorption rate from **(b) (ii)** was \$3.10 per direct labour hour.

Total overhead to be absorbed was \$18 624.

Using the actual labour hours worked the overhead absorbed would be

 $5570 \times \$3.10 = \$17\ 267\ (1)$

Conclusion – overhead under- absorbed of \$1357 – This would be debited to the income statement. **(1)**

(Max 3)

NOTE

One mark for identifying the correct department
One mark for an explanation of over or under absorption
One mark for some illustration relating to the figures
One mark for the entry required in the income statement.
(Max 3 in each part)

[Total: 30]

[6]

Page 2	Mark Scheme		Paper
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Question Number	Key	Question Number	Key
1	В	16	В
2	С	17	В
3	В	18	D
4	С	19	С
5	В	20	С
6	В	21	С
7	В	22	Α
8	D	23	D
9	В	24	Α
10	D	25	Α
11	В	26	D
12	С	27	С
13	В	28	D
14	Α	29	С
15	Α	30	В